

Largest Changes in Construction Employment by Metropolitan Area or Division, April 2020–May 2020 (not seasonally adjusted)

1 month 9/

Largest Percentage Gains

1-month	
gain/loss R	Rank ³
20,900	1
3,600	2
2,100	3
1,400	3
2,100	5
600	6
10,600	7
800	8
6,500	9
22,000	9
!	gain/loss E 20,900 3,600 2,100 1,400 2,100 600 10,600 800 6,500

Largest Percentage Losses

month %_	<u>1-month</u>	
change	gain/loss	Rank ³
-6%	-600	358
-5%	-300	355
-5%	-700	355
-5%	-300	355
-4%	-300	351
-4%	-1,400	351
-4%	-800	351
-4%	-200	351
-3%	-100	350
-2%	-100	347
-2%	-800	347
-2%	-700	347
	change -6% -5% -5% -5% -4% -4% -4% -2% -2%	change gain/loss -6% -600 -5% -300 -5% -700 -5% -300 -4% -300 -4% -1,400 -4% -800 -4% -200 -3% -100 -2% -800

Most Jobs Added

				1-month %	1-month	
Area ¹	Industry ²	April '20	May '20	change	gain/loss	Rank ³
1 Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA Div.	Construction	65,000	93,600	44%	28,600	16
2 New York City, NY	Mining, Logging, and Construction	80,600	105,600	31%	25,000	32
3 Pittsburgh, PA	Construction	36,900	58,900	60%	22,000	9
4 Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills, MI Div.	Mining, Logging, and Construction	23,200	44,100	90%	20,900	1
5 Nassau County-Suffolk County, NY Div.	Mining, Logging, and Construction	50,300	67,600	34%	17,300	30
6 Chicago-Naperville-Arlington Heights, IL Div.	Construction	113,600	126,400	11%	12,800	131
7 Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale, CA Div.	Construction	130,900	143,100	9%	12,200	165
8 Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI	Mining, Logging, and Construction	68,800	80,600	17%	11,800	87
9 Grand Rapids-Wyoming, MI	Mining, Logging, and Construction	16,200	26,800	65%	10,600	7
9 Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, CA	Construction	90 700	101 200	12%	10 500	120

Most Jobs Lost

				1-month %	1-month	
Area ¹	Industry ²	April '20	May '20	change	gain/loss	Rank ³
1 Midland, TX	Mining, Logging, and Construction	33,300	31,900	-4%	-1,400	351
Silver Spring-Frederick-Rockville, MD Div.	Mining, Logging, and Construction	32,900	32,100	-2%	-800	347
2 Odessa, TX	Mining, Logging, and Construction	19,100	18,300	-4%	-800	351
4 Richmond, VA	Mining, Logging, and Construction	40,200	39,500	-2%	-700	347
4 Longview, TX	Mining, Logging, and Construction	13,200	12,500	-5%	-700	355
6 Winston-Salem, NC	Mining, Logging, and Construction	10,500	9,900	-6%	-600	358
7 Tuscaloosa, AL	Mining, Logging, and Construction	6,900	6,600	-4%	-300	351
7 Montgomery, AL	Mining, Logging, and Construction	6,600	6,300	-5%	-300	355
7 Lynchburg, VA	Mining, Logging, and Construction	5,600	5,300	-5%	-300	355
10 Charlottesville, VA	Mining, Logging, and Construction	5,400	5,200	-4%	-200	351

Footnotes:

¹Area: Metropolitan statistical areas (MSAs) are designated by the Office of Management and Budget. MSAs generally cover one or more entire counties or county equivalents, or New England City and Town Area (NECTA) in the six New England states. There are 11 MSAs with more than 2,500,000 people. Employment in these MSAs is presented in two or more divisions (Div.) or subdivisions rather than for the MSA as a whole. See Metro Divisions tab for employment in those metros and each of their divisions. Click here for a list of counties in each MSA and division.

findustry: The Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) only reports construction employment combined with mining and logging in most metros, because of small sample sizes or to preserve confidentiality for industries with few employers. Metro data is not seasonally adjusted.

³Rank: BLS currently provides construction (or combined construction, mining and logging) employment data for 358 metro areas, rounded to the nearest 100. Thus, it is not possible to calculate percent changes more accurately than to the nearest whole percent and all metro areas with the same whole-percent change in employment are ranked the same. (Exception: Employment changes of less than 0.5% are shown and ranked based on the nearest 0.1%.)