

May 28, 2020

The Honorable Alma Adams Chairwoman U.S. House Subcommittee on Workforce Protections Washington, D.C.

The Honorable Bradley Byrne Ranking Member U.S. House Subcommittee on Workforce Protections Washington, D.C.

Dear Chairwoman Adams and Ranking Member Byrne:

On behalf of Coalition for Workplace Safety ("CWS") and the 58 undersigned organizations, thank you for holding today's Workforce Protections Subcommittee hearing, "Examining the Federal Government's Actions to Protect Workers from COVID-19." We write to advise against requiring the Occupational Safety and Health Administration ("OSHA") to issue an Emergency Temporary Standard ("ETS") at this time in response to the coronavirus pandemic. Such a requirement is included in the COVID-19 Every Worker Protection Act of 2020 (H.R. 6559, included as Division L, Title III in H.R. 6800). OSHA should instead continue with its current approach of issuing industry-specific guidance based on the latest information from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention ("CDC"). This approach provides a more nimble and effective solution than issuing a rigid, one-size-fits-all standard.

The Coalition for Workplace Safety ("CWS") is composed of associations and employers who believe in improving workplace safety through cooperation, assistance, transparency, clarity, and accountability. Workplace safety is a top priority for CWS members, and we strongly believe that employers should take steps to ensure that employees are protected. Improving safety can only happen when all parties—employers, employees, and OSHA—have a strong working relationship. CWS members are dedicated to ensuring employers and employees have the latest and best information about workplace safety in the face of the COVID-19 crisis.

CWS and the undersigned organizations believe an ETS would be far less agile at adapting to the nation's evolving understanding of COVID-19 and the societal response to the crisis. The argument for rushing to issue such a standard is based on two false premises: 1) employers have no current, enforceable obligation to protect their employees from exposure to COVID-19; and 2) a new OSHA standard will help employers protect their employees from potential exposure. The Occupational Safety and Health Act's General Duty Clause ("GDC") already requires employers provide employees with a safe and healthful workplace and to eliminate, to the extent possible, known hazards using known methods of mitigation or avoidance. The GDC is enforceable by OSHA, and Secretary Scalia has said explicitly that the agency will not hesitate to bring enforcement actions where appropriate.

Furthermore, the GDC functions in conjunction with guidance to provide industry with situation-specific steps employers should take to protect their employees. An employer can be cited for violating the GDC if OSHA determines it has not implemented the appropriate guidance on protecting workers.

OSHA's current GDC-plus-guidance approach provides the agility needed in this crisis, where employers and employees are seeking the most accurate, up to date information regarding safe practices in the face of:

- a rapidly evolving understanding of COVID-19;
- changes in how industry delivers goods and services in response to the crisis; and
- differing restrictions imposed by state and local authorities.

The GDC-plus-guidance process allows new information to be disseminated to employers and workers and incorporated into OSHA's enforcement policies quickly and effectively. OSHA has been diligently issuing industry- and situation-specific guidance in order to provide timely and tailored information to employers, employees, and OSHA enforcement officers. A rigid ETS would make it far more difficult for OSHA, employers, and employees to quickly make these adjustments.

We are also concerned that H.R. 6559 would require OSHA to issue a new standard *prior* to the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health ("NIOSH") and CDC collecting data and conducting research on workplace COVID-19 cases. This is exactly the reverse of how good workplace safety policy should be made. Data is a critical component in the consideration and development of any workplace safety regulation.

CWS members are determined to protect their employees from exposure to COVID-19 to the maximum extent possible. Employers and employees alike are far better served by an approach that focuses on disseminating the latest information available and tailoring safety guidance to reflect the rapidly evolving understanding of this public health emergency than a rigid standard that would limit our collective ability to quickly adjust to changing circumstances.

Again, thank you for holding this important hearing.

Sincerely,

Agricultural Retailers Association
Air Conditioning Contractors of America
American Bakers Association
American Coke and Coal Chemicals Institute
American Composites Manufacturers Association
American Council of Engineering Companies
American Feed Industry Association
American Foundry Society
American Hotel and Lodging Association

American Mold Builders Association

American Pipeline Contractors Association

American Road & Transportation Builders Association

American Trucking Associations

Asian American Hotel Owners Association

Associated Builders and Contractors

Associated General Contractors

Associated Wire Rope Fabricators

Distribution Contractors Association

Equipment Dealers Association

Flexible Packaging Association

Global Cold Chain Alliance

Heating, Air-conditioning, & Refrigeration Distributors International

HR Policy Association

Independent Electrical Contractors

Industrial Fasteners Institute

International Association of Amusement Parks and Attractions

International Foodservice Distributors Association

International Franchise Association

International Warehouse Logistics Association

Leading Builders of America

Mason Contractors Association of America

Motor & Equipment Manufacturers Association

National Association of Manufacturers

National Association for Surface Finishing

National Association of Electrical Distributors

National Association of Home Builders

National Association of Landscape Professionals

National Association of Wholesaler-Distributors

National Community Pharmacists Association

National Demolition Association

National Federation of Independent Business

National Grain and Feed Association

National Lumber & Building Material Dealers Association

National Ready Mixed Concrete Association

National Restaurant Association

National Retail Federation

National Roofing Contractors Association

National Tooling and Machining Association

National Utility Contractors Association

North American Die Casting Association

Plastics Industry Association

Power and Communication Contractors Association

Precision Machined Products Association

Precision Metalforming Association

PRINTING United Alliance

Tree Care Industry Association Truck Renting and Leasing Association U.S. Chamber of Commerce